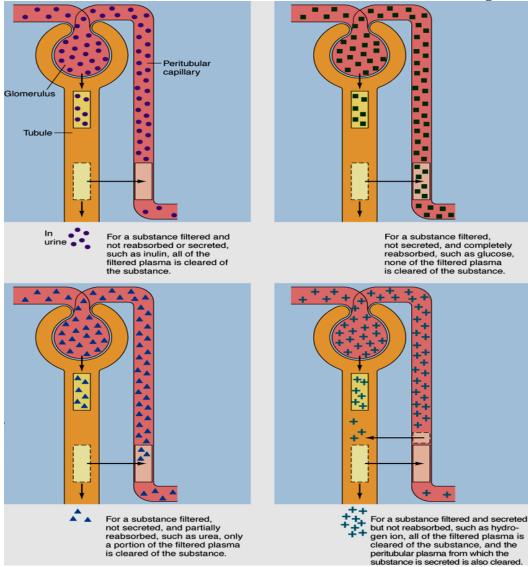
Unit V – Problem 8 – Physiology: Renal Clearance

- Net urinary excretion of a substance:
 - (GFR) = 125 ml/min:
 - ✓ 124 ml/min is reabsorbed!
 - ✓ 1 ml/min is excreted in the urine.
 - Different conditions in excretion of substances in the urine (see the image).



- Renal Clearance:

- **Definition**: it is the volume of plasma completely cleared of a particular substance by kidneys/ minute.
- **Importance of clearance**: kidney's effictivenes in removing various substances from body fluid
- Clearance of any substance X is given by:

$$\checkmark \quad \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{X}} = \frac{U_{x} \cdot \mathbf{V}}{P_{x}}$$

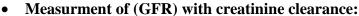
U_x: urine concentrateion of substance X.

V: urine volume or urine flow rate.

 \underline{P}_x : plasma concentration of substance X.

- Urinary excretion of substance $X = U_x \cdot V$
- **Glomerular Filtration Rate (GFR):**
 - A substance that is freely filtered from the plasma and not secreted or absorbed by the tubule will have a clearance that equals (GFR).
 - Inulin clearance is used for measurement of (GFR):

✓ GFR = $C_{inulin} = \frac{U_{inulin} \cdot V}{P_{inulin}} = 125$ ml/min.



- ✓ Used in clinical setting to measure (GFR) but less accurate than inulin
- ✓ It is cleared from the body almost entirely by glomerular filtration. Small amount secreted from the tubule.

Paraminohippuric Acid (PAH) clearance:

- It is an organic acid which is almost cleared in circulation (90%) through kidneys since it is both filtered and secreted by the tubules.
 - ✓ It is neither metabolized nor synthesized by kidneys.
 - ✓ (PAH) does not alter (RPF).
 - ✓ No other organ extracts (PAH).
- Hence clearance of (PAH) estimates the Renal Plasma Flow (RPF).
- C_{PAH} = Effective Renal Plasma Flow (ERPF) = $\frac{U_{PAH}.V}{P_{PAH}}$

To calculate actual (RPF), one must correct for incomplete extraction of (PAH):
$$\checkmark \quad E_{PAH} = \frac{Arterial_{PAH} - Venous_{PAH}}{Arterial_{PAH}} = \frac{1 - 0.1}{1} = 0.9$$

$$\checkmark \quad (RPF) = \frac{ERPF}{E_{PAH}}$$

Clearance ratio:

- Clearance of any substance (X) compared with clearance of inulin = $\frac{c_X}{c_{inulin}}$
 - ✓ $\frac{C_X}{C_{inulin}}$ = 1 (substance if filtered and neither reabsorbed nor secreted).

 ✓ $\frac{C_X}{C_{inulin}}$ < 1 (substance is filtered and reabsorbed).

 ✓ $\frac{C_X}{C_{inulin}}$ > 1 (substance is filtered as well as secreted).