Unit V – Problem 4 – Histology: Stomach and Duodenum

Stomach is composed of the following:

• Cardia:

- ✓ <u>Mucosa</u>: the epithelium is mucus secreting simple columnar. Cardiac glands (which secrete mucus) are found in the lamina propria. The muscularis mucosae is of two layers (inner circular & outer longitudinal).
- ✓ <u>Submucosa</u>: dense connective tissue with blood vessels and submucosal plexuses.
- ✓ Muscularis externa: myenteric plexuses are found.
- ✓ Serosa.

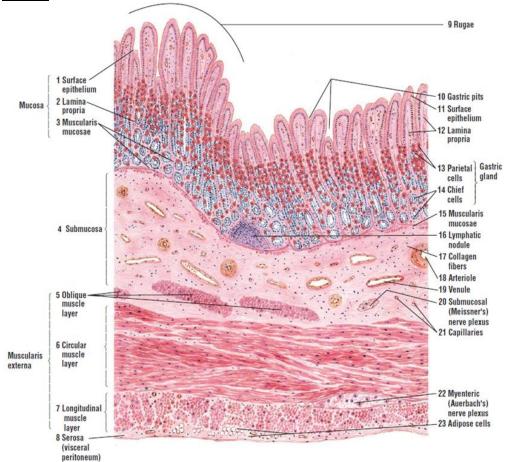
• Fundus & body:

- ✓ Mucosa: the epithelium is mucus secreting simple columnar with shallow gastric pits. Gastric glands are found between the lamina propria. Gastric glands are composed of many cell types (parietal & mucous neck cells in the upper portion + chief zymogenic cells in the lower portion). The muscularis mucosae is of two layers (inner circular & outer longitudinal).
- ✓ <u>Submucosa</u>: no glands. Dense connective tissue with blood vessels and submucosal plexuses.
- ✓ <u>Muscularis externa</u>: inner oblique, middle circular & outer longitudinal muscle fibers. Myenteric plexuses are found.
- ✓ Serosa.

Pylorus:

- ✓ <u>Mucosa</u>: the epithelium is mucus secreting simple columnar with deep gastric pits. Pyloric glands (which secrete mucus) are found in lamina propria.
- ✓ <u>Submucosa</u>: no glands. Dense connective tissue with blood vessels and submucosal plexuses.
- ✓ <u>Muscularis externa</u>: thickening of the circular smooth muscle to form the pyloric sphincter.

✓ Serosa.





Duodenum:

• Mucosa: it is composed of villi. These villi are lined with simple columnar epithelium with brush border & goblet cells. Intestinal glands are found in the lamina propria. The muscularis mucosa separates the mucosa from the underlying submucosa.



- Submucosa: duodenal (Brunner) glands are found. In addition there are blood vessels & submucosal plexuses.
- **Muscularis externa**: composed on inner circular & outer longitudinal smooth muscle fibers between them are the myenteric plexuses.
- Serosa.



FIGURE 13.2 Small intestine: duodenum (transverse section). Stain: hematoxylin and eosin. ×25.