Arabian Gulf University – Kingdom of Bahrain Year 5 – Internal Medicine Critical Appraisal of Medical Article (1)



Critical Appraisal (Form A)

- What is Your Search question from the case history?

• Can we depend on troponin-I as a sensitive and specific marker to diagnose patients having MI? and how does it differ from MBCK?

- Search questions related to the clinical case:

- **P** = **Population** n=215 patients were studied, 37 had acute skeletal muscle injury, 10 had chronic muscle disease, 9 were marathon runners and 159 were chronic dialysis patients.
- I = Intervention (treatment or investigation) patients were evaluated clinically, by ECG, and by two-dimensional ECHO. Total creatine kinase was determined spectrophotometrically and cTn1 and MBCK were determined with specific monoclonal antibodies.
- **C** = **Control** marathon runners consisted of four men and five women who participated in the 1991 Twin Cities marathon, Minneapolis, Minn. None had a known cardiac abnormality and each had been running marathons for 5 to 10 years.
- **O** = **Outcome or results** elevations on cTn1 are highly specific for myocardial injury. Use of cTn1 should facilitate distinguishing whether elevations of MBCK are due to myocardial or skeletal muscle injury.

Critical Appraisal (FORM B)



- The title of article
 - Cardiac Troponin I (A Marker With High Specificity for Cardiac Injury)
- Name of Journal : AHA journals
- Name of Authors: J.Adams, G. Bodor, V.Roman, J.Delmez, F.Apple, J. Ladenson and A.Jaffe
- **Year of Publication and Pages :** 1993, 6 pages.
- What is the Research Question (PICO)?
 - Can we depend on cTn1 to diagnose MI as determining whether elevations of MBCK reflect skeletal muscle or myocardial damage is difficult.
- Is the title of the paper appropriate and does it highlight the major theme of you PICO question?
 - Yes
- Is the abstract consistent with the body of the text (Objectives, Designs, Settings, Variables, Data Analysis, results and conclusion)?
 - Yes
- Objectives and Hypothesis: Are the objectives of the study clearly stated in the introduction and was it appropriate for the research design?
 - Yes
- What is the study design? (tick the proper design)
 - Cohort Study (Prospective)

- What is the study population? How they were selected?

• A total of 215 subjects were studied. 56 patients had muscle injuries while 159 patients have chronic renal failure. They were selected from source of care at Barnes Hospital.

- Is the data collection open label or blinded for researcher?

• Physicians performing the clinical examinations were blinded to results of ECHO and levels of molecular markers.

- Ethical Considerations

- Were ethical considerations mentioned in the article?
 - Yes
- Are the results (data presentation in tables) clear?
 - Yes
- Discussion and Conclusion?
- Did the interpretations of the results and conclusion of the authors fit in with the results presented in the abstract ?
 - Yes
- Were the objectives of the study clearly accomplished and were they consistent with the discussion?
 - Yes
- How do the results apply to your clinical practice?
 - It is important to have a specific marker for diagnosing myocardial infarction as it is an emergency condition in which you need a fast intervention to save patient's life. This study proves that we can depend on cTn1 as a specific marker.

Critical Appraisal (Form C)



- Relevance of the paper
- Does the PICO research question of the study match PICO of your clinical question?
 - Yes
- Validity Assessment
- Were the patients randomized in the selection?
 - Yes
- Was the randomization double or single blinded?
 - Single-blinded
- Is the baseline characteristic (age, gender and other risk factors) were similar in the study and the control group of patients?
 - No
- Were patients in the groups treated equally aside from the experimental intervention? (in term of follow up and intention to treat analysis (every patients stay in his group as per randomization)
 - Yes
- Was follow-up completed as planned in the method in both groups?
 - Yes
- Were the results (outcomes) measured reliably and blindly?
 - Yes



- Applicability Assessment
- Is the study population relevant to my practice? (Can the results be applied to my patients?)
 - Yes
- Is the intervention relevant (available feasible and affordable) to my practice?
 - Yes
- Are all clinical relevant (important) outcomes considered?
 - Yes
- Are the likely benefits worth the potential harm and costs?
 - Yes